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42	:(Unit Root Test)	1 .1 .4
43	:(Cusum Stability Test)	2.1.4
44		3.1.4
44	(Co-integration Test)	4.1.4
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		:(Function Test
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Abstract
**The Impact of Profit Distribution on Stock Prices in Firms
listed in Amman Stock Exchange Through the Period (1984 -
2011)**

Zina Fayez Al-Amarin

Mu'tah University, 2013

The current study aimed to investigate the effect of profit distribution on stock prices in firms listed in Amman financial Market through the period 1984-2011. The study followed the analytic descriptive approach, quantitative and standard approaches.

The researcher investigated the effect of profit distribution on stock prices using co integration. Causation test and variance decomposition analyzing test and response function for reaction test to achieve the goals of the study.

On the long term, the whole variables affect positively on profit distribution in firms listed in Amman financial market, so the study recommended that it is necessary for firms to adopt the best profit distribution policy based on their conditions and the desires of investors as these policies have a great role in attracting investors toward purchasing stocks in the firm, in addition, these policies are regarded as indicator to the competency of administration and success within the firm.

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(Miller and Modigliani)

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(Gardon,1962)

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A.Surprise! " : (Arnot Robert ,2003)

"Higher Dividend=Higher Earing Growth

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: (Ming-Shiun.2001)

Aggregate Dividends Behavior and permanent Earing"

"Hypothesis

: (baker 2001)

"Factors Influencing Dividend Policy Decisions of Nasdaq Firms"

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(Lintner, 1956)

(baker, 2001)

: (El-Khoury, & Almwalla, 1997)
**"The Effect of Dividend Changes on Security Prices "The Case of
Jordanian Companies":**

: (El Khouri, 1997)

“Dividends and New Equity Issues by Jordanian Corporations: an Empirical Investigation”

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Explaining Investors Preference for " : (Glen, 1995)

"Cash Dividend

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The Impact of Initiating Dividends" : (Asquith.1983(

"payments on shareholders wealth

1983

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1930
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International

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Finance Corporation IFC

1976 (31)

Amman Financial

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1978	(9.7)	2010	(6.7)
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(2011-1984)

1984	0.091	-	1994	0.258	-5%	2004	0.233	56%
1985	0.136	49%	1995	0.237	-8%	2005	0.394	69%
1986	0.169	24%	1996	0.216	-9%	2006	0.209	-47%
1987	0.164	-3%	1997	0.203	-6%	2007	0.227	9%
1988	0.234	43%	1998	0.183	-10%	2008	0.226	0%
1989	0.494	111%	1999	0.172	-6%	2009	0.113	-50%
1990	0.438	-11%	2000	0.109	-37%	2010	0.091	-19%
1991	0.359	-18%	2001	0.179	64%	2011	0.156	71%
1992	0.382	6%	2002	0.151	-16%			
1993	0.271	-29%	2003	0.149	-1%			

(31,483,884) (1985)

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1987

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1984	33,308,870	-	1994	74,335,644	-4%	2004	248,821,536	27%
1985	31,483,884	-5%	1995	78,609,637	6%	2005	443,537,476	78%
1986	27,467,415	-13%	1996	82,904,520	5%	2006	506,413,639	14%
1987	32,197,900	17%	1997	88,941,501	7%	2007	609,409,310	20%
1988	36,006,686	12%	1998	102,716,299	15%	2008	616,480,402	1%
1989	43,539,346	21%	1999	109,990,998	7%	2009	576,881,469	-6%
1990	57,621,931	32%	2000	113,888,869	4%	2010	607,917,870	5%
1991	65,049,557	13%	2001	131,576,004	16%	2011	842,732,877	39%
1992	72,472,769	11%	2002	181,085,853	38%			
1993	77,798,480	7%	2003	196,084,835	8%			

38

(4)
(2011-1984)

1984	59,318,623	-	1994	495,076,052	-49%	2004	3,793,251,050	104%
1985	66,730,872	12%	1995	418,958,544	-15%	2005	16,871,051,948	345%
1986	69,522,993	4%	1996	248,583,344	-41%	2006	14,209,870,592	-16%
1987	148,178,293	113%	1997	355,244,623	43%	2007	12,348,101,910	-13%
1988	132,625,222	-10%	1998	464,374,268	31%	2008	20,318,014,547	65%
1989	367,589,840	177%	1999	389,476,334	-16%	2009	9,665,312,327	-52%
1990	268,885,973	-27%	2000	334,724,633	-14%	2010	6,689,987,155	-31%
1991	302,836,729	13%	2001	668,652,674	100%	2011	2,850,252,628	-57%
1992	886,950,983	193%	2002	950,272,995	42%			
1993	968,613,802	9%	2003	1,855,176,028	95%			

%3- 1985

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1989-1987

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1990

2004

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2010 - 2008

(5)

1984	811.8	-	1994	1436	-9%	2004	4245.6	62%
1985	786	-3%	1995	1591.7	11%	2005	8191.5	93%
1986	723.5	-8%	1996	1534.6	-4%	2006	5518.1	-33%
1987	796.9	10%	1997	1692.4	10%	2007	7519.3	36%
1988	845.1	6%	1998	1701.3	1%	2008	6243.1	-17%
1989	932.7	10%	1999	1673.5	-2%	2009	5520.1	-12%
1990	804.3	-14%	2000	1330.5	-20%	2010	5318	-4%
1991	1000	24%	2001	1727.2	30%	2011	4648.4	-13%
1992	1299	30%	2002	1700.2	-2%			
1993	1585	22%	2003	2615	54%			

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:The price of the stock Market

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$$INDEX_t = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (P_{ti} \times S_{ti} \times FF_{ti})}{Dt} :$$

.t () i : P_{ti}

.t () i : S_{ti}

.t () i :FF_{ti}

(1989. Asprem) .t () Divisor : Dt

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:(Unit Root Test) 1 .1 .4

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X_t

:(Greene,2003)

E(X_t) = μ X_t .1

var(X_t)= σ² .2

$$X_{t-k} \quad x_t \quad .3$$

$$\text{cov}(X_t, X_{t-k}) = \text{cov}(X_t, X_{t+k}) = \epsilon_k$$

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Dickey- Fuller(D-F)

$$Y_t = \rho Y_{t-1} + u_t \quad ; \quad \rho \in [-1, 1]$$

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$$Y_t - Y_{t-1} = \rho Y_{t-1} - Y_{t-1} + u_t$$

$$Y_t = \delta Y_{t-1} + u_t \Delta \quad ; \quad \delta = \rho - 1$$

H_0

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$$H_0 : \delta = 0$$

$$H_1 : \delta < 0$$

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(Serial Correlation)

Augmented Dickey-Fuller (ADF)

:(Gujarati, Porter, 2009)

$$\Delta Y_t = \beta_1 + \beta_2 t + \delta Y_{t-1} + \sum_{i=1}^m \alpha_i Y_{t-i} + \epsilon_i$$

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:(Cusum Stability Test)

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(Structural Change)

(±2 S.E)

.(Greene,2003)

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:(Schewhart,2004)

(Akaike Information Criterion) (AIC) .1

(Likelihood Ratio Test)

.(AIC)

(Schwartz's Information Criterion)(SIC) .2

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(Co-integration Test) 4.1.4

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Johansen

(Johansen and Juselius, 1990)

(Trace test - λ_{trace}) -1

(q)

: (q = r)

$$\lambda_{trace}(\mathbf{r}) = -T \sum_{i=r+1}^p \ln(1 - \hat{\lambda}_i) \dots\dots\dots(2)$$

(p-r)(eigenvectors) $(\lambda_{r+1}, \dots, \lambda_n)$

.(r)

(Maximal eigenvalue) -2

:

$$\lambda_{max}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r} + 1) = -T \ln(1 - \hat{\lambda}_{r+1}) \dots\dots (3)$$

(r)

. (r + 1)

: **5 .1 .4**

(X) (Y) (X)

(Y)

:(Engle and Granger,1987)

$$Y_t = \sum_{i=1}^p \alpha Y_{t-1} + \sum_{i=1}^p \beta X_{t-1} + u_t$$

($H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = \dots = \beta_n = 0$) :

(F) $(H_1: \beta_1 \neq 0, \beta_2 \neq 0 \dots \beta_n \neq 0)$:

(F) ()

(F) ()

(Y) (X)

.(Y) (X)

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(Shock)

(Decomposition Cholaski)

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Impulse Response Function)

7 .1 .4

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(X3) (X2) (X1)
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-2.986225	-5.239089	X1	-2.981038	-2.333974	X1
-2.986225	-3.635921	X2	-2.981038	0.518567	X2
-2.986225	-4.486184	X3	-2.981038	-1.042859	X3
-3.012363	-3.355081	Y	-3.012363	1.494185	Y

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. : Y

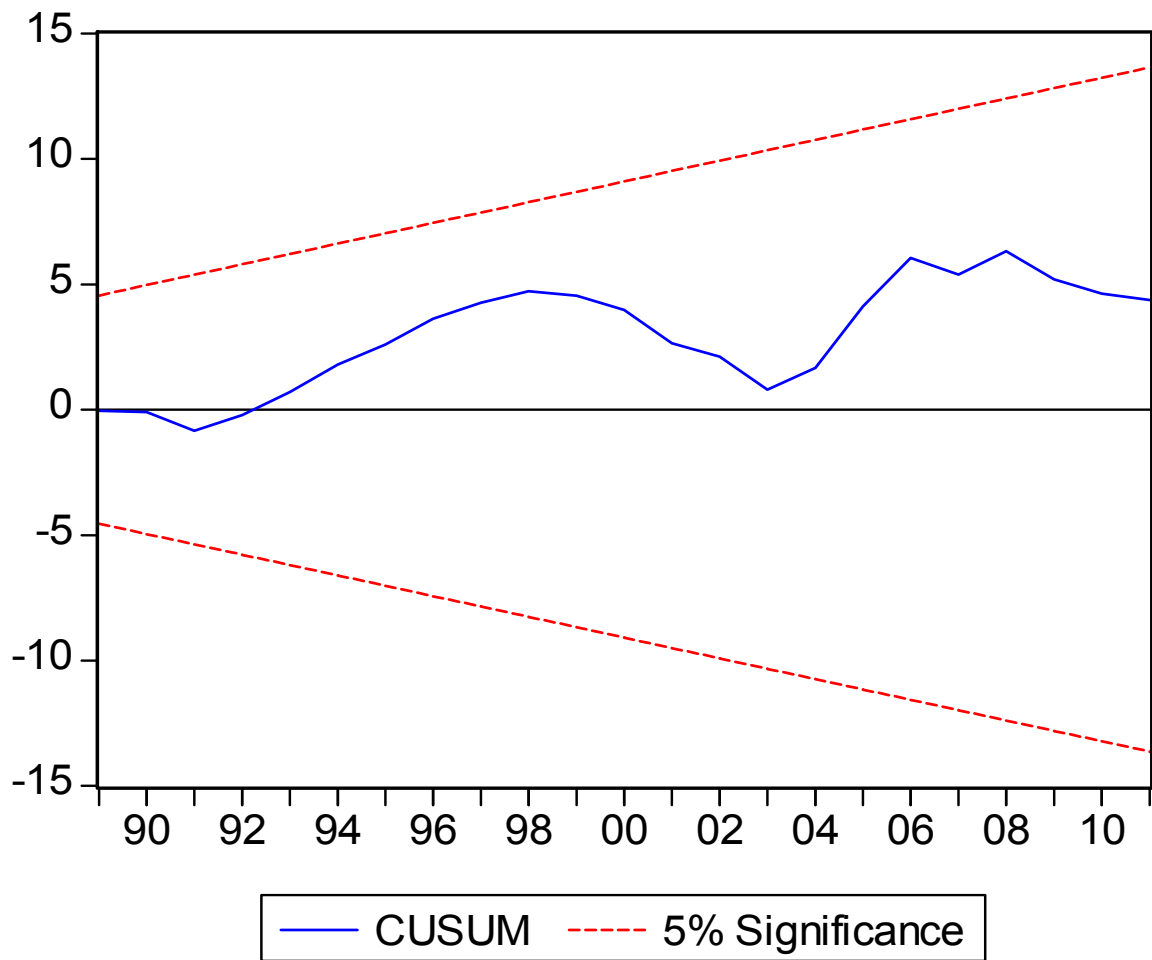
(Cusum Stability Test) . **2**

Cusum

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Lag	LR	FPE	AIC	SC	HQ
0	NA	4.40e-05	1.321029	1.518507	1.370694
1	104.1443	5.59e-07	-3.073459	-2.086072	-2.825134
2	27.59156	3.63e-07	-3.652980	-1.875685	-3.205996
3	20.68573	2.82e-07	-4.330249	-1.763045	-3.684604
4	27.09322*	3.63e-08*	-7.454482*	-4.097369*	-6.610177*

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χ^2

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	Y	X1	X2	X3	χ^2
Lag 1	25.59394 [3.82e-05]	14.35579 [0.006242]	49.51871 [4.55e-10]	48.20728 [8.54e-10]	96.82410 [1.36e-13]
Lag 2	6.727428 [0.151013]	8.079175 [0.088721]	6.177585 [0.186273]	9.385154 [0.052161]	27.14146 [0.039937]

(Co-integration Test)

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(Trace Test)

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(Maximal eigenvalue)

،r = 0

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(Trace Test)

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عند

مستوى معنوية يبلغ 5%.

Maximal)

$r=0$

(eigenvalue

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(Trace Test)

(Maximal eigenvalue)

(Trace Test) اختبار الأثر للتكامل المشترك				
Null hypo.	Alternative hypo.	Trace Statistic	Critical 050. Value	Prop.
$r = 0$	$r = 1$	61.32539	47.85613	0.0017
$r \leq 1$	$r = 2$	29.98327	29.79707	0.0476
$r \leq 2$	$r = 3$	11.94373	15.49471	0.1597
$3r \leq$	$4r =$	0.425545	3.841466	0.5142
(Maximal eigenvalue) اختبار القيمة الكامنة العظمى				
Null Hypo.	Alternative hypo.	Statistic Max-Eigen	0.10 Critical Value	Prop.
$r = 0$	$r = 1$	31.34213	27.58434	0.0156
$r \leq 1$	$r = 2$	18.03954	21.13162	0.1284
$r \leq 2$	$r = 3$	11.51818	14.26460	0.1301
$3r \leq$	$4r =$	0.425545	3.841466	0.5142

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(10)

Null Hypothesis:	F-Statistic	Probability	Result
X1 does not Granger Cause Y	3.23629	0.04460	Accept causal relationship
Y does not Granger Cause X1	1.83407	0.17841	Do not accept
X2 does not Granger Cause Y	2.60855	0.08087	Accept causal relationship
Y does not Granger Cause X2	0.52593	0.71855	Do not accept
X3 does not Granger Cause Y	0.61158	0.66116	Do not accept
Y does not Granger Cause X3	2.55055	0.08562	Accept causal relationship
X2 does not Granger Cause X1	1.14265	0.37682	Do not accept
X1 does not Granger Cause X2	4.43696	0.01593	Accept causal relationship
X3 does not Granger Cause X1	1.69573	0.20674	Do not accept
X1 does not Granger Cause X3	2.81150	0.06641	Do not accept
X3 does not Granger Cause X2	1.12326	0.38487	Do not accept
X2 does not Granger Cause X3	2.19006	0.12308	Do not accept

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(11)

(Y)

%100 (Y)

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%1.5 (X2) (Y)
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 %18 (Y)
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Variance Decomposition of Y :				
Period	Y	X1	X2	X3
1	100.0000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
2	76.52876	20.11332	1.529201	1.828722
3	61.81825	18.98530	11.53242	7.664038
4	53.67037	17.92878	19.14606	9.254793
5	44.83901	18.98043	28.47676	7.703790
6	37.35889	18.51343	37.34619	6.781489
7	32.54709	17.96453	42.97826	6.510112
8	28.98374	18.19361	46.26982	6.552830
9	26.47254	18.46540	48.76409	6.297964
10	24.83558	18.61436	50.65081	5.899245

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 . : X1
 . : X2
 . : X3
 . : Y

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(X2)

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Variance Decomposition of Y :				
Period	Y	X1	X2	X3
1	100.0000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
2	76.52876	18.89848	3.236775	1.335986
3	61.81825	16.83480	14.41037	6.936577
4	53.67037	15.27559	22.54988	8.504159
5	44.83901	15.06633	32.99303	7.101626
6	37.35889	13.82171	42.48450	6.334899
7	32.54709	12.82700	48.44682	6.179088
8	28.98374	12.53040	52.13903	6.346831
9	26.47254	12.38877	54.96297	6.175720
10	24.83558	12.25661	57.08359	5.824224

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(Y)

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(X1)

(X1)

(X3)

(Y)

(Y)

(X2)

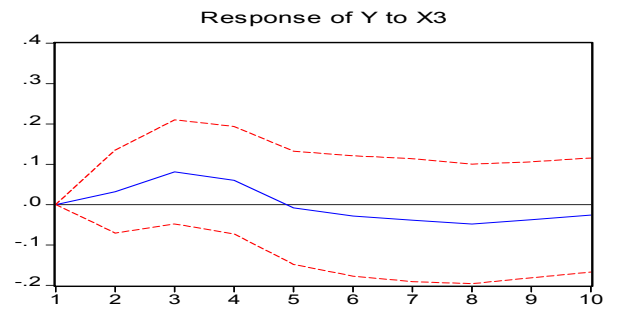
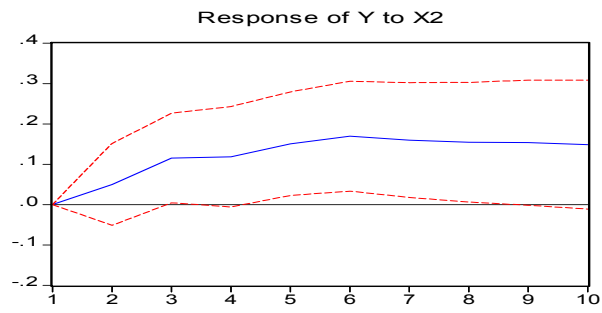
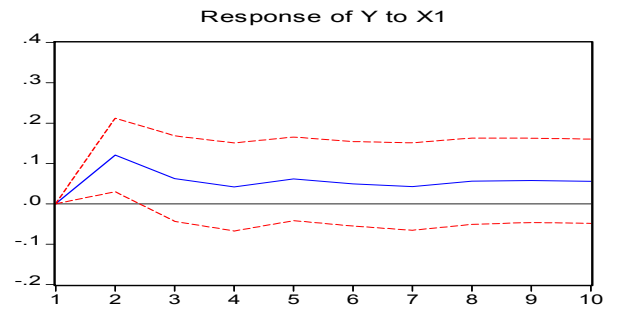
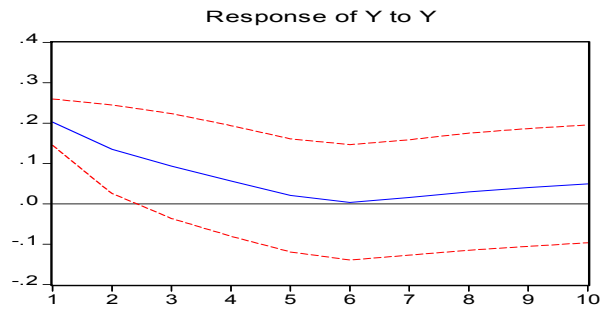
(X2)

(Y)

(X3)

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Response to Cholesky One S.D. Innovations ± 2 S.E.



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